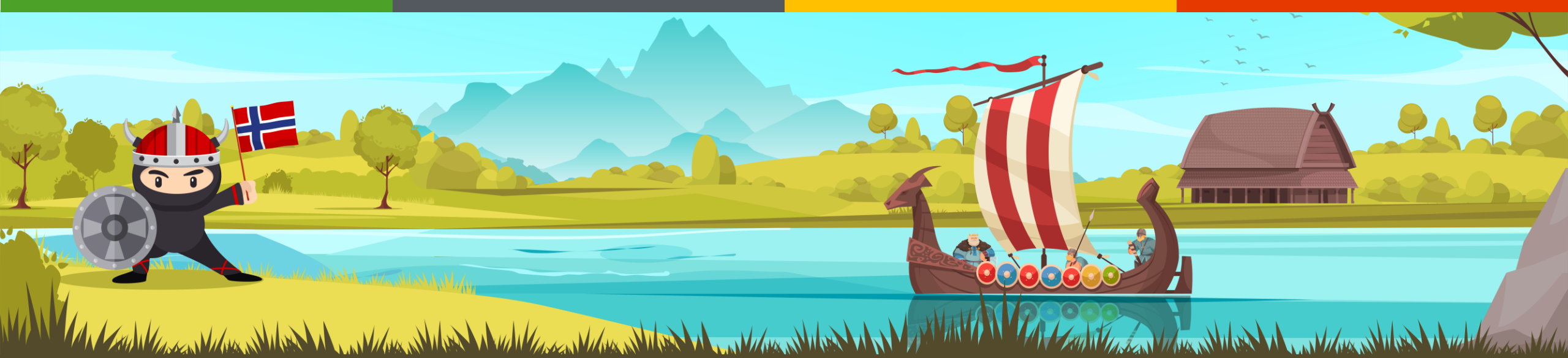




Attack on Token



Attack on Token

Why post-auth attacks are the next frontier





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About Fabian



Focus

Cyber Security, Identity,
Microsoft SIEM & XDR @ [glueckkanja](#)

From

Hamburg, Germany

My Blog

[cloudbrothers.info](#)



Certifications

Microsoft MVP

Hobbies

Concerts, KQL, User Groups

Contact

Socials (BlueSky, Mastodon, Twitter)



What are tokens?

- Like a key to access a resource
- Issued after authentication
- Well known and used protocols
 - OAuth 2.0
 - OpenID Connect (OIDC)
 - Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML)





Token in Entra ID

- Bearer Token
 - Access Token (60 - 90 minutes)
 - ID Token (1 hours)
 - Refresh Token (1 day / 90 days)
- Primary Refresh Token (14 days)
- JSON Web Token (JWT) - ey...



Access token



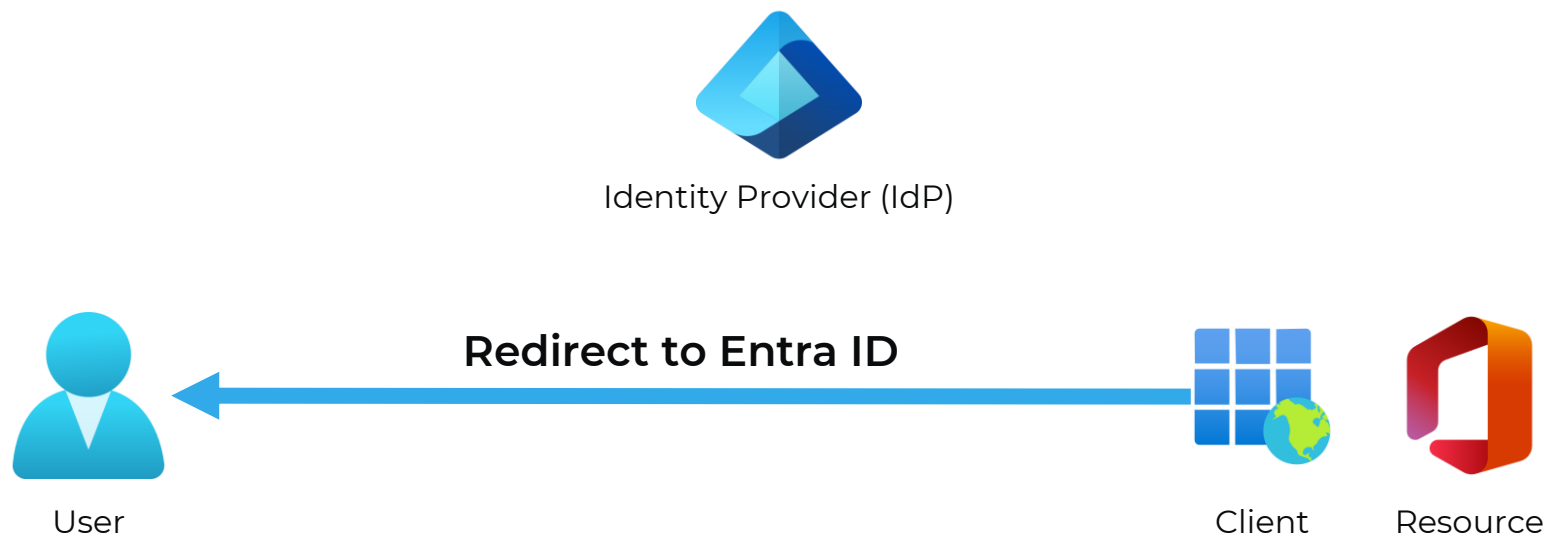
Access Token in Entra ID



Simplified Version!



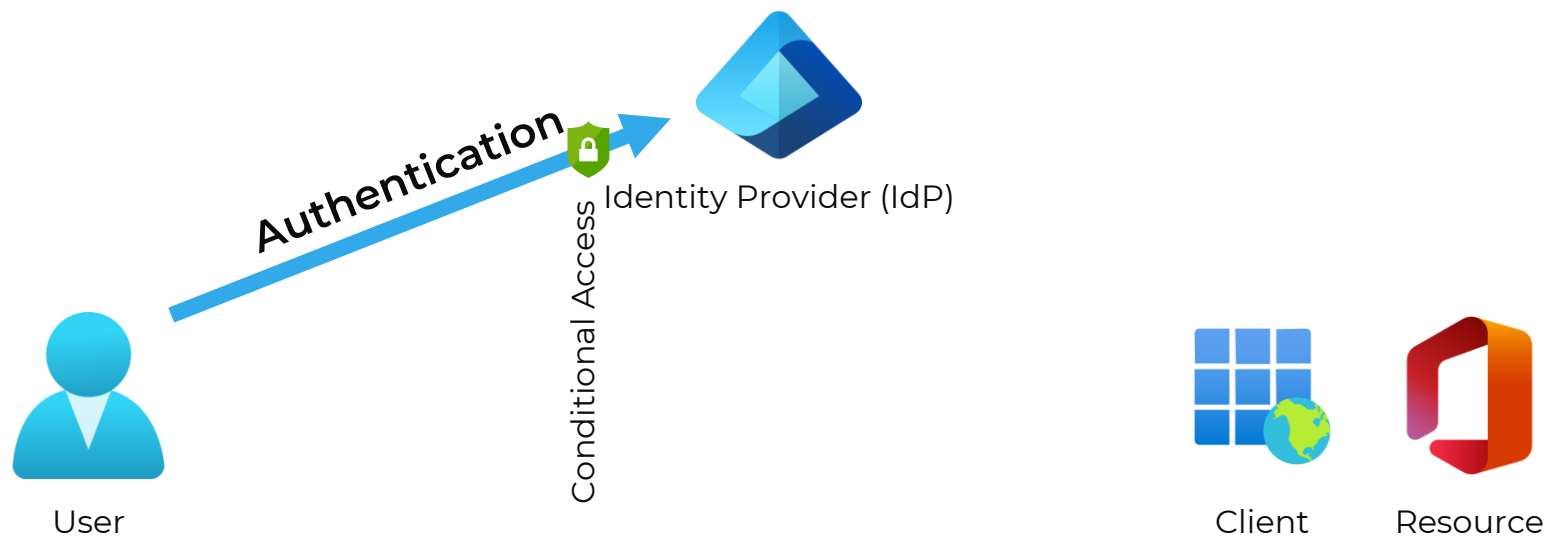
Access Token in Entra ID



Simplified Version!



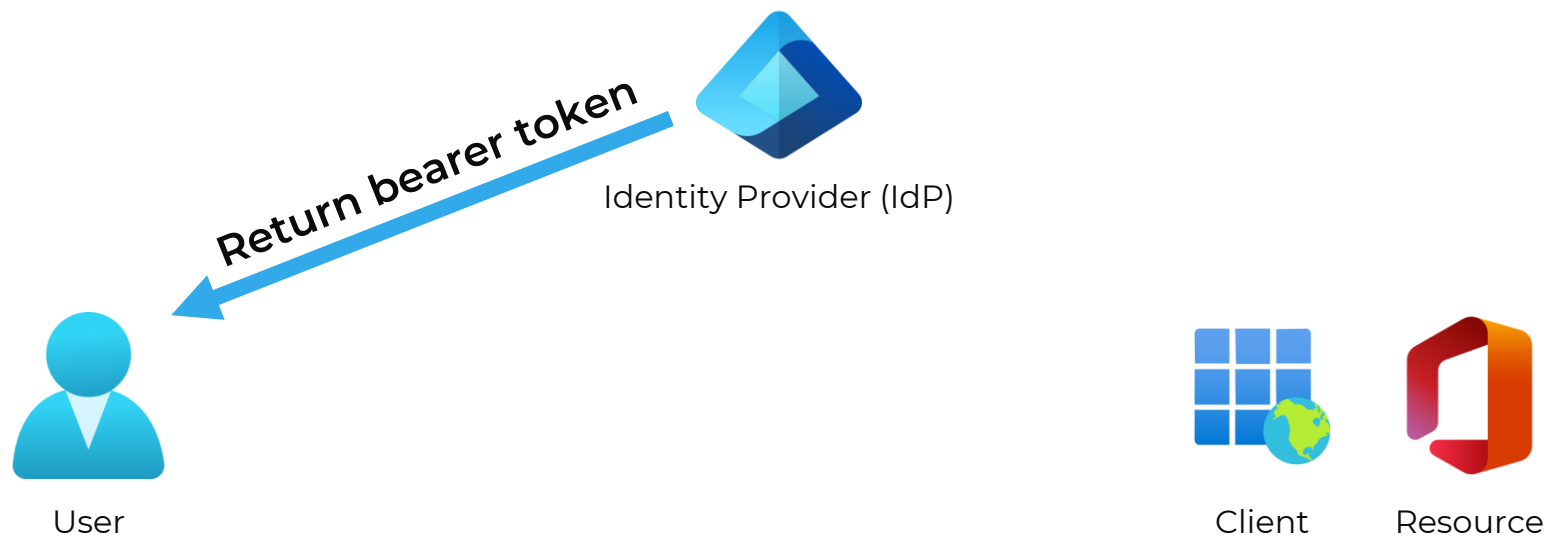
Access Token in Entra ID



Simplified Version!



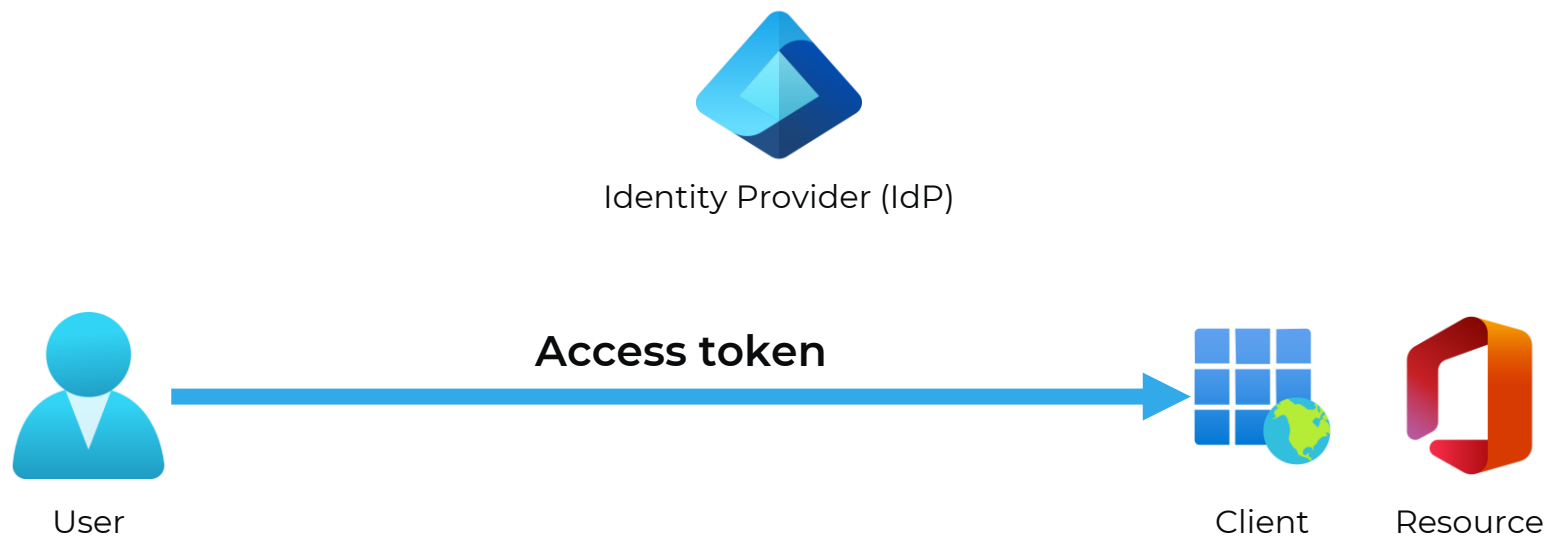
Access Token in Entra ID



Simplified Version!



Access Token in Entra ID



Simplified Version!



Refresh token



Refresh Token in Entra ID



Identity Provider (IdP)



User



**Access Token
Lifetime expired**



Client

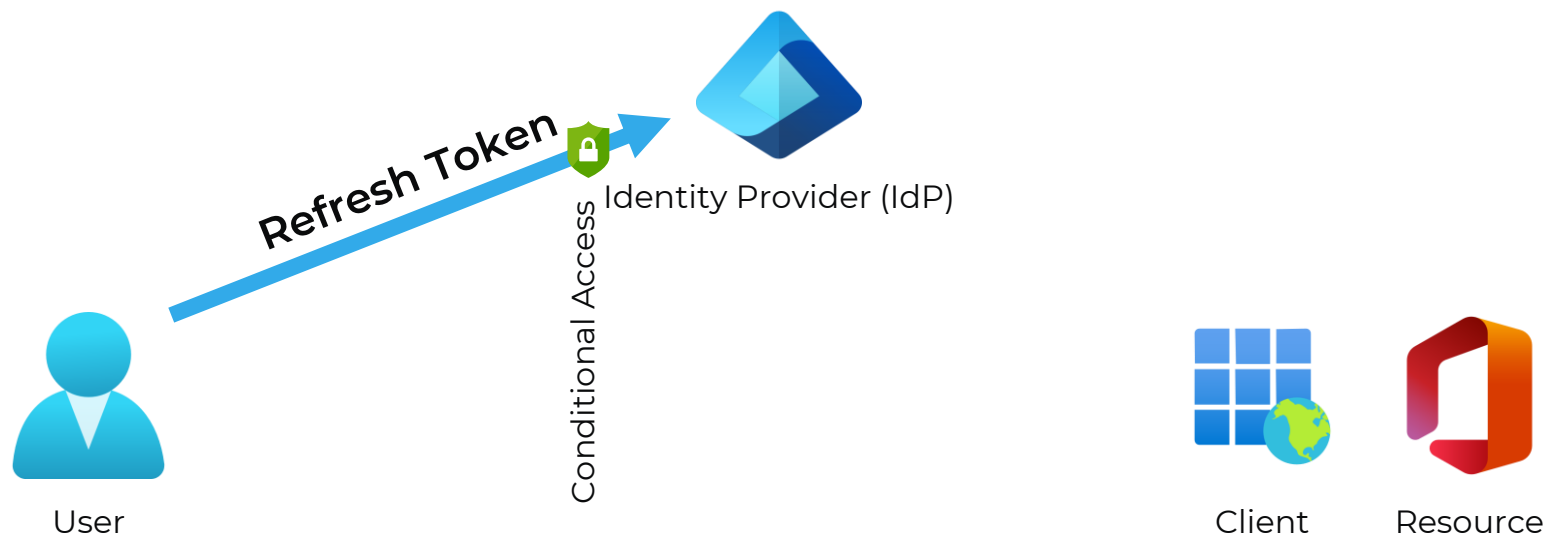


Resource

Simplified Version!

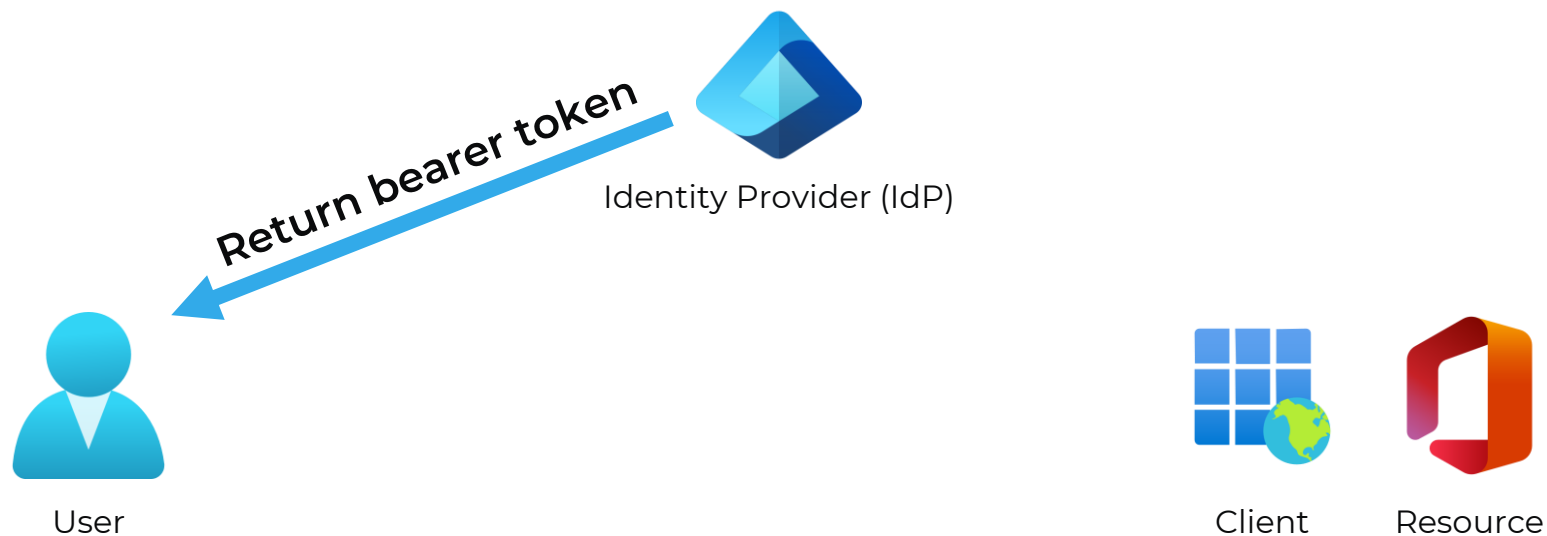


Refresh Token in Entra ID





Refresh Token in Entra ID



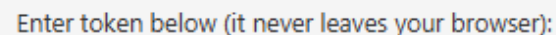


Refresh Token in Entra ID





JSON Web Token



This token was issued by [Azure Active Directory](#).



JSON Web Token Format



Decoded Token

Claims

```
{
  "typ": "JWT",
  "alg": "RS256",
  "x5t": "YTce05IJyyqR6jzDS5iAbpe42Jw",
  "kid": "YTce05IJyyqR6jzDS5iAbpe42Jw"
}.{
  "aud": "https://management.core.windows.net/",
  "iss": "https://sts.windows.net/e3686c4f-af27-4f22-b9de-062f05b93aac/",
  "iat": 1739117959,
  "nbf": 1739117959,
  "exp": 1739123498,
  "acr": "1",
  "aio":
"AbQAS/8ZAAAA79uNKm12d6YrJBDCYmoppM9A8m35VAyy4nXonjNGt1yx0JaS2ecGdE+S4K1zMWd9CeSrnTBtEkJoLwEKp5fmN+ZvTduGtiE26NgJyfnnCI1WeZLJxkE1sQLE+
ePHjn/np5Ii+gMmgTxSRN1Qk/rTk5aZK4fJTV0qGV24YDEB0DuV20oyI8oNTtSTT/8PKoxsnOPpQmHAeWfbf5dVnLhHjA4/7mzX5SI5aC/HnKCfLnQ=",
  "amr": [
    "fido",
    "mfa"
  ],
  "appid": "c44b4083-3bb0-49c1-b47d-974e53cbdf3c",
  "appidacr": "0",
  "family_name": "Admin",
  "given_name": "Cloud",
  "groups": [
    "46d25fee-d078-4103-91c9-8f227f212e7c",
    "5148d533-c9d5-4ee0-9bf7-dfdb4a6f41cb",
    "67c02636-0aaf-4593-8f34-e89499340cb1",
    "b54bcb3c-af77-499e-aca6-359e9e6fbd03",
    "b751233e-9a81-4b2c-b181-2fc1862c62b9",
```




Attacks on Token



Attacks on Token



How 'Browser-in-

May 28, 2025 The Hacker News



Would you expect an end user to their usernames and passwords to a Browser-in-the-Middle (BitM) attack?

Like Man-in-the-Middle (MitM) attacks, a BitM attack occurs on the victim's computer and the target service at the application layer. However, unlike MitM, a BitM attack does not require the attacker to be on the same network as the victim.

Man-in-the-Middle vs

A MitM attack utilizes a proxy server to intercept and potentially alter the communication between two parties without their knowledge. In a BitM attack, the attacker's goal is to exploit vulnerabilities in the application layer to gain access to sensitive data.



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'Cookie Bite' Entra ID Attack Exposes Microsoft 365

A proof-of-concept (PoC) attack vector exploits two Azure authentication tokens from within a browser, giving threat actors persistent access to key cloud services, including Microsoft 365 applications.



Elizabeth Montalbano, Contributing Writer
April 22, 2025

5 Min Read



SOURCE: WEYGO VIA ALAMY STOCK PHOTO

Attackers could exploit two key authentication cookies used by Azure Entra ID to bypass MFA and hijack legitimate user sessions — thus gaining persistent access to Entra ID-protected resources in Microsoft 365 like Outlook and Teams. From there, they could engage in a range of malicious activities, including reconnaissance and privilege escalation that can lead to cyberattacks on the organization's network.

Editor's Choice



Vishing Crew Targets Salesforce Data
by Jai Vijayan, Contributing Writer
JUN 4, 2025 4 MIN READ



Vibe Coding Changed the Development Process
by Michael Nov
MAY 30, 2025 5 MIN READ

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has been prolific in can
LPHV, Hive, and Hunt

latest



Home Cyber Attack New Pass-the-Cookie Attacks Bypass MFA, Giving Hackers Full Account Access

New Pass-the-Cookie Attacks Bypass

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WIZ Modern Cloud Security Solutions for the Public Sector Get Report

Russian Hackers Breach 20+ NGOs Using Evilginx Phishing via Fake Microsoft Entra Pages

May 27, 2025 Ravie Lakshmanan

Cloud Security / Malware



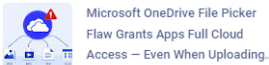
Microsoft has shed light on a previously undocumented cluster of malicious activity originating from a Russia-affiliated threat actor dubbed Void Blizzard (aka Laundry Bear) that it said is attributed to "worldwide cloud abuse."

Active since at least April 2024, the hacking group is linked to espionage operations mainly targeting organizations that are important to Russian government objectives, including those in government, defense, transportation, media, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), and healthcare sectors in Europe and North America.

"They often use stolen sign-in details that they likely buy from online marketplaces to gain access to



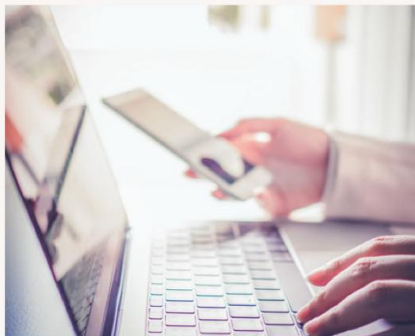
Most Read News



NO



Attacks on Token



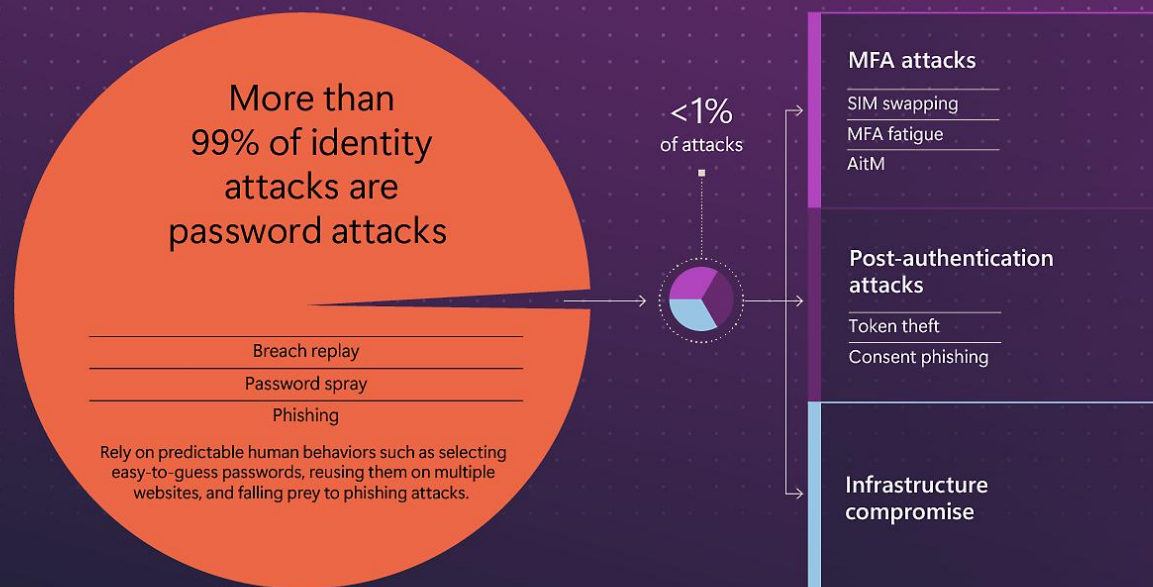
Threat actors are bypassing MFA, using innovative AiTM phishing attacks and token theft

As we highlighted last year, as organizations strengthen their authentication protocols with MFA, threat actors are pivoting to AiTM phishing attacks and to token theft. Token theft occurs after a user successfully authenticates and receives a valid token. The attacker then steals the token from the victim's device, from compromised routers or proxies, or from application or network logs. Although token theft results in far fewer identity compromises than password attacks, our detections indicate incidents have grown to an estimated 39,000 per day. Moreover, over the last year we've seen a 146% rise in AiTM phishing attacks, which occur when attackers trick users into clicking a link and completing MFA on the attacker's behalf.

Actionable Insights

- 1 Retire passwords in favor of phishing-resistant, passwordless authentication methods such as passkeys.
- 2 Require all users to run on their devices as standard users and not as administrators.
- 3 Only allow access from managed and compliant devices.
- 4 Mitigate AiTM and token theft attacks with policies that require interactive strong authentication when anomalies are detected.
- 5 Use access policies to require token protection and prevent access from untrusted environments.
- 6 To reduce time to mitigation and increase detection capability, adopt applications that support continuous access evaluation.

Identity attacks in perspective: Password-based attacks continue to dominate, but can be thwarted by using strong authentication methods.



Source: Microsoft Threat Intelligence

<http://aka.ms/mddr2024>

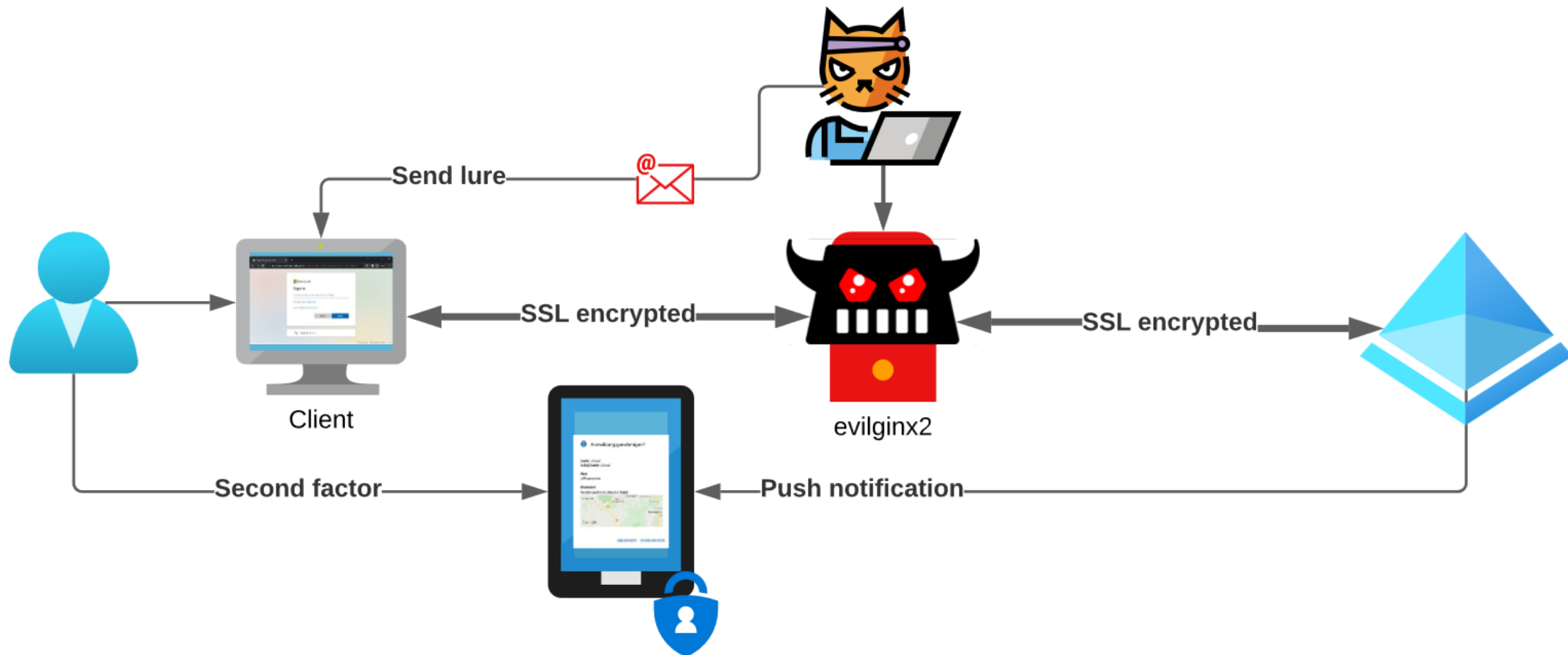


Bearer Token theft

- Steal Web Session Cookie (T1539) aka
 - Adversary in the Middle (e.g. Evilginx2)
 - Pass-the-cookie attack (e.g. CookieMiner)
- Steal Application Access Token (T1528)
 - Device Code Phishing (e.g. TokenTactics)



Adversary in the Middle (T1557)





Demo

Cookie Theft (ESTSAUTH)





Primary Refresh Token Theft



- Attacker has already compromised the endpoint
- Extract PRT certificate
- Generate `x-ms-RefreshTokenCredential`
 - Used for Browser SSO
 - Contains the compliance state of the device
 - No elevated permissions required



Demo

Browser SSO Attack BAADTokenBroker





BAADTokenBroker



Replicating the flow for another PRT Cookie theft

Malware



BrowserCore.exe



MicrosoftAccount
TokenProvider.dll



GetCookieInfoForUri

LsaCallAuthenticationPackage

RPC

lsass.exe



call number,
payload

aadcloudap

- 1 SignPayload
- 2 CreateSSOCookie
- 3 GetPrtAuthority
- 4 CheckDeviceKeysHealth
- ⋮
- 15 GenerateBindingClaims

BHASIA @BlackHatEvents



Protections

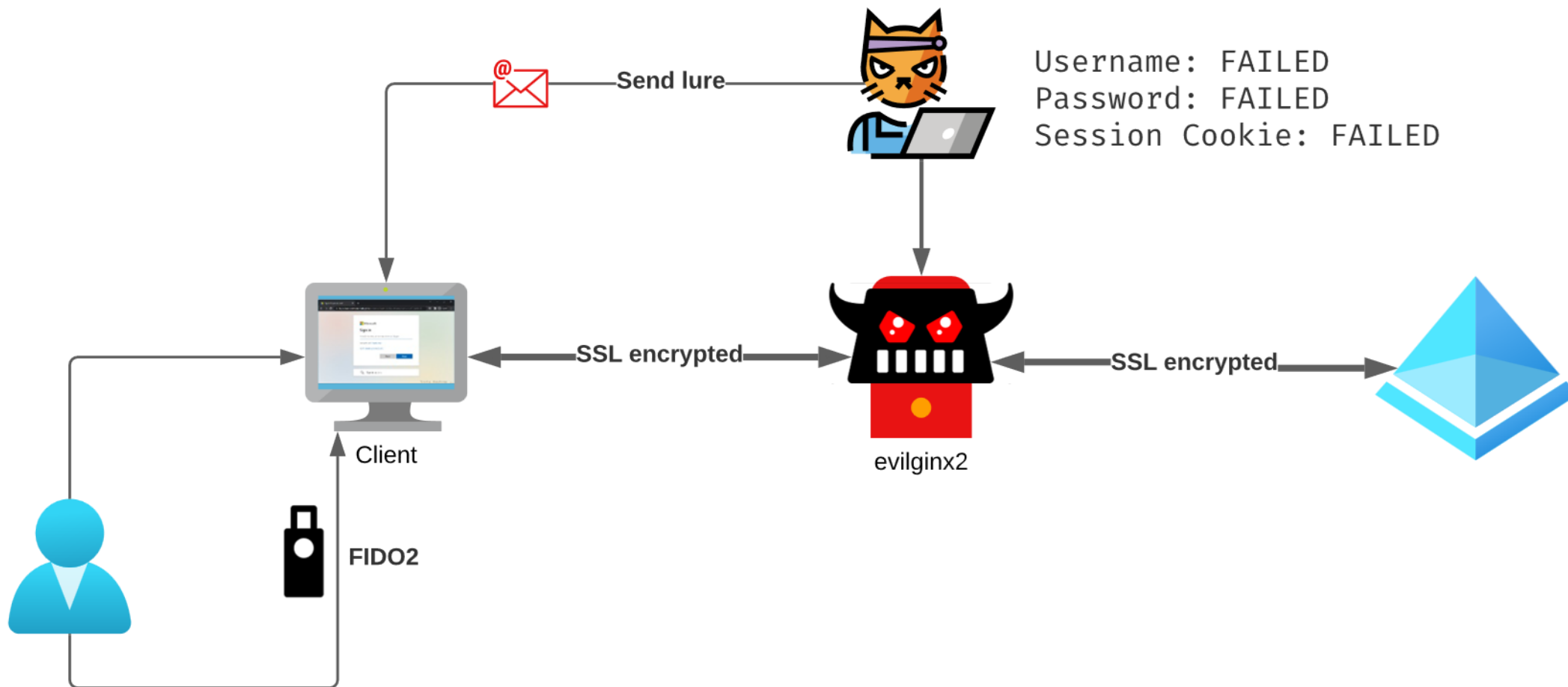


Protections

- Device Compliance or Hybrid Joined Devices
- Always use TPM 2.0 to store the PRT
- Use Phishing Resistant Authentication methods
 - Passkey / FIDO2
 - Smartcards
 - Windows Hello for Business
- Enforce Authentication Strength to prevent downgrade attacks



Attacker in The Middle



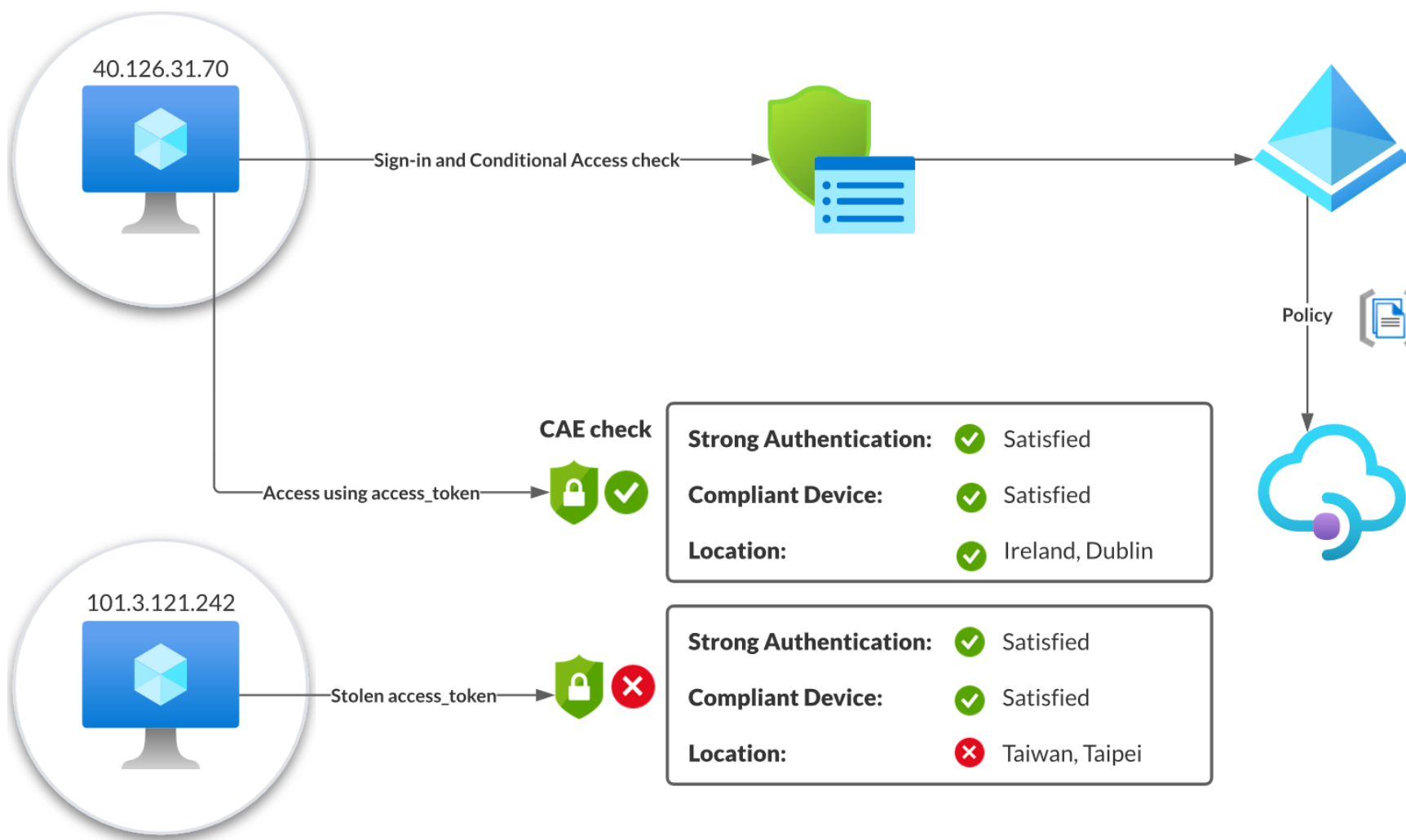


Protections

- Block Device Code Flow where not needed
- Do not disable Continuous Access Evaluation



Continuous Access Evaluation





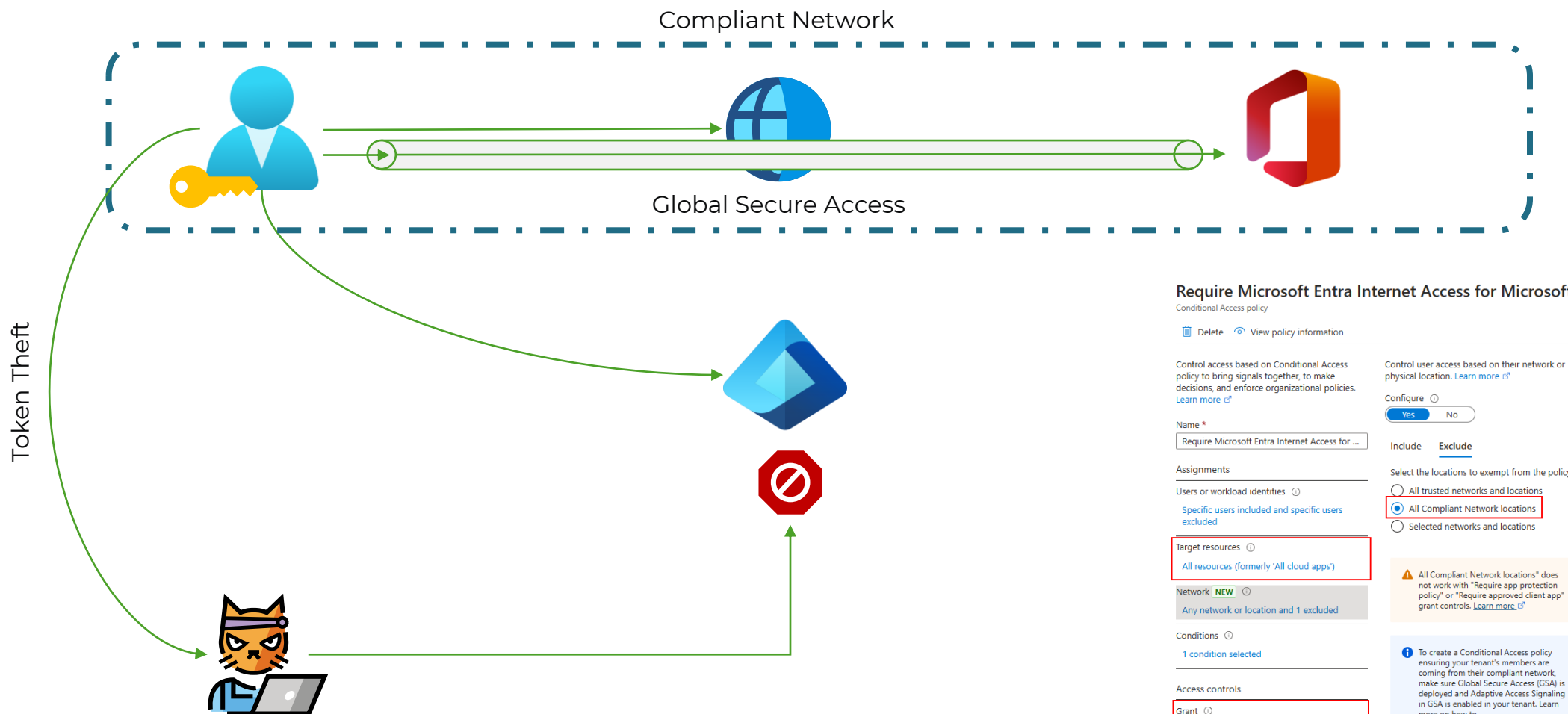
Global Secure Access



- Use Microsoft Global Secure Access
 - "Microsoft Entra Internet Access for Microsoft services" is included in Microsoft Entra ID P1 license
- Strict Enforcement mode
 - Only possible if the initial sign-in comes from a known IP address range
 - Only supported for Microsoft resources



Global Secure Access



Require Microsoft Entra Internet Access for Microsoft services for all Users

Conditional Access policy

[Delete](#) [View policy information](#)

Control access based on Conditional Access policy to bring signals together, to make decisions, and enforce organizational policies. [Learn more](#)

Control user access based on their network or physical location. [Learn more](#)

Configure

☒ Yes ☐ No

Include Exclude

Select the locations to exempt from the policy

- ☐ All trusted networks and locations
- ☒ All Compliant Network locations
- ☐ Selected networks and locations

⚠ All Compliant Network locations* does not work with "Require app protection policy" or "Require approved client app" grant controls. [Learn more](#)

ℹ To create a Conditional Access policy ensuring your tenant's members are coming from their compliant network, make sure Global Secure Access (GSA) is deployed and Adaptive Access Signaling in GSA is enabled in your tenant. Learn more on how to [enable GSA Adaptive Access Signaling](#).

ℹ 'Locations' condition is moving! Locations will become the 'Network' assignment with a new Global Secure

Name *

Require Microsoft Entra Internet Access for ...

Assignments

Users or workload identities

[Specific users included and specific users excluded](#)

Target resources

All resources (formerly 'All cloud apps')

Network **NEW**

Any network or location and 1 excluded

Conditions

1 condition selected

Access controls

Grant

Block access

Session

0 controls selected



Require Microsoft Entra Internet Access for Microsoft services for all Users

Conditional Access policy

[Delete](#) [View policy information](#)

Control access based on Conditional Access policy to bring signals together, to make decisions, and enforce organizational policies. [Learn more](#)

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Grant

Block access

Session

0 controls selected

Control user access based on their network or physical location. [Learn more](#)

Configure

Yes

No

Include

Exclude

Select the locations to exempt from the policy

☐ All trusted networks and locations

☒ All Compliant Network locations

☐ Selected networks and locations

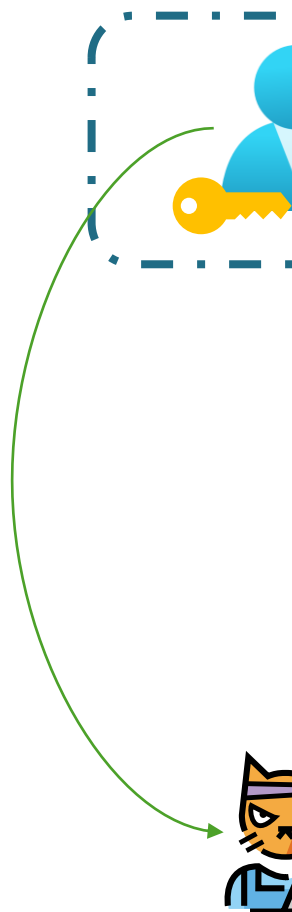
! All Compliant Network locations" does not work with "Require app protection policy" or "Require approved client app" grant controls. [Learn more](#)

i To create a Conditional Access policy ensuring your tenant's members are coming from their compliant network, make sure Global Secure Access (GSA) is deployed and Adaptive Access Signaling in GSA is enabled in your tenant. Learn more on how to [enable GSA Adaptive Access Signaling](#).

i 'Locations' condition is moving! Locations will become the 'Network' assignment with a new Global Secure Access capability of 'All Compliant network locations'. No action required. [Learn more](#)



Token Theft





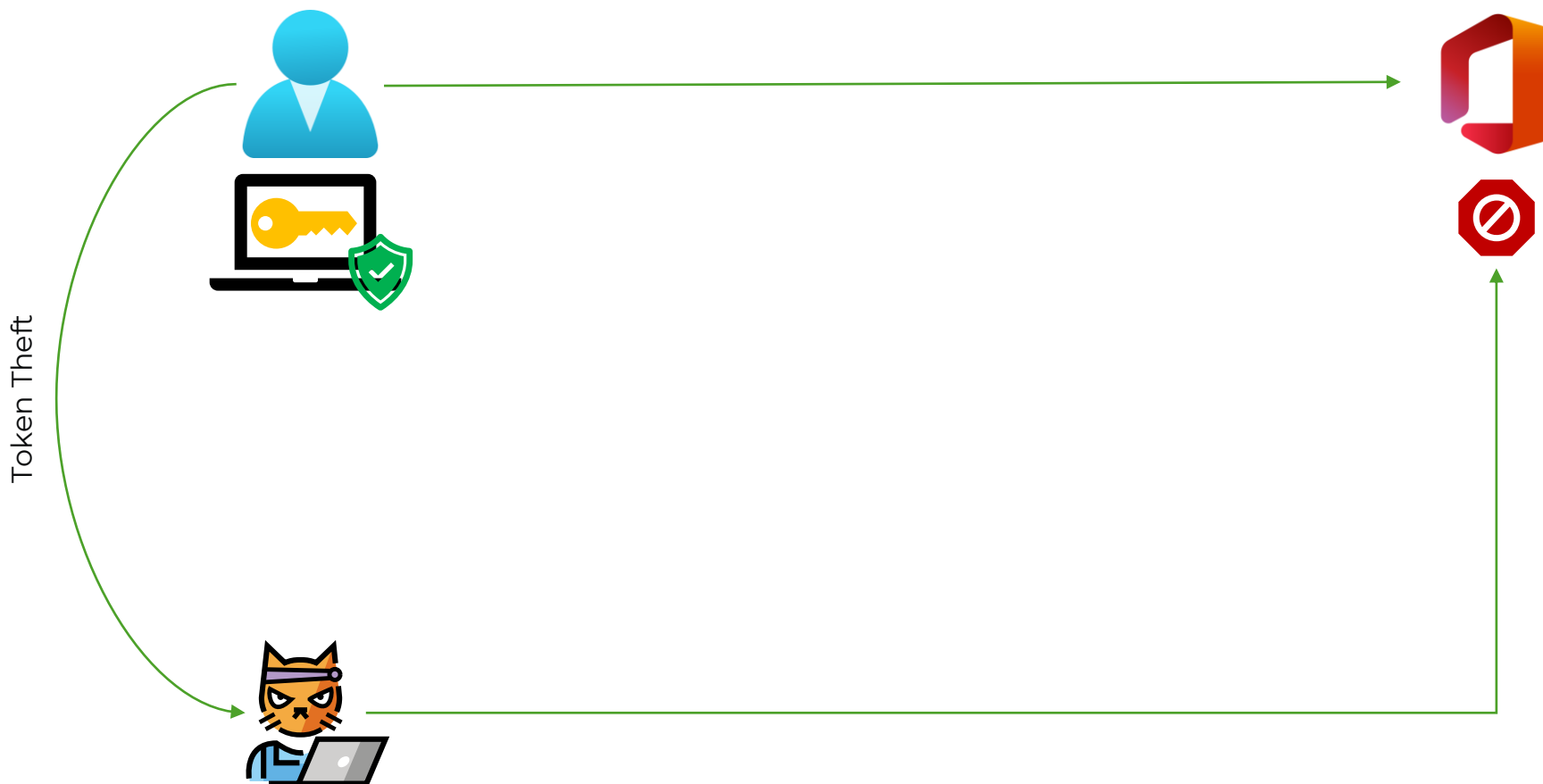
Token Protection



- Token Protection
 - Currently only supported for limited workloads on Windows devices
 - Exchange
 - SharePoint Online
 - Windows 365
 - Azure Virtual Desktop
 - Microsoft Entra ID P2 license required



Token Protection





Require token protection for Exchange and SharePoint Online

Conditional Access policy

 Delete  View policy information  View policy impact

Name *

Require token protection for Exchange and ...

Assignments

Users or workload identities ⓘ

[Specific users included and specific users excluded](#)

Target resources ⓘ

[2 resources included](#)

Network **NEW** ⓘ

[Not configured](#)

Conditions ⓘ

[2 conditions selected](#)

Access controls

Grant ⓘ

[0 controls selected](#)

Session ⓘ

[Require token protection for sign-in sessions \(Preview\)](#)

Enable policy

Report-only **On** Off

Select what this policy applies to

Resources (formerly cloud apps) 

Include Exclude



- ☐ None
- ☐ All internet resources with Global Secure Access
- ☐ All resources (formerly 'All cloud apps')
- ☒ Select resources



Edit filter

[None](#)

Select

[Office 365 SharePoint Online and 1 more](#)

-  Office 365 Exchange Online ...
00000002-0000-0ff1-ce00-000000000000
-  Office 365 SharePoint Online ...
00000003-0000-0ff1-ce00-000000000000

 Selecting SharePoint Online will also affect apps such as Microsoft Teams, Planner, Delve, MyAnalytics, and Newsfeed. [Learn more](#) 



Token Theft





Require token protection for Exchange and SharePoint Online

Conditional Access policy

 Delete  View policy information  View policy impact

Require token protection for Exchange and ...

Assignments

Users or workload identities ⓘ

[Specific users included and specific users excluded](#)

Target resources ⓘ

[2 resources included](#)

Network **NEW** ⓘ

[Not configured](#)

Conditions ⓘ

[2 conditions selected](#)

Access controls

Grant ⓘ

[0 controls selected](#)

Session ⓘ

[Require token protection for sign-in sessions \(Preview\)](#)

Enable policy

Report-only **On** Off

Session



Control access based on session controls to enable limited experiences within specific cloud applications. [Learn more](#)

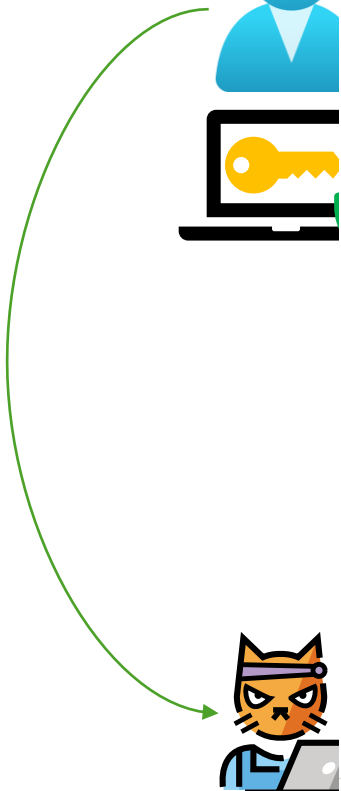
- ☐ Use app enforced restrictions ⓘ
- ☐ Use Conditional Access App Control ⓘ
- ☐ Sign-in frequency ⓘ
- ☐ Persistent browser session ⓘ
- ☐ Customize continuous access evaluation ⓘ
- ☐ Disable resilience defaults ⓘ
- ☒ Require token protection for sign-in sessions (Preview) ⓘ

i The control "Require token protection for sign-in sessions" only works with supported devices and applications. Unsupported devices and client applications will be blocked. [Learn more](#)

- ☐ Use Global Secure Access security profile ⓘ



Token Theft





Detection & Response



Protections

- Block Device Code Flow where not needed
- Do not disable Continuous Access Evaluation
- Use Microsoft Global Secure Access
 - "Microsoft Entra Internet Access for Microsoft services" is included in Microsoft Entra ID P1 license
- Token Protection
 - Currently only supported for limited workloads on Windows devices
 - Exchange
 - SharePoint Online
 - Windows 365
 - Azure Virtual Desktop
 - Microsoft Entra ID P2 license required



Detection

- Entra ID Protection
- Defender for Cloud Apps
- Microsoft Defender for Endpoint
- Custom Detections
 - Unusual Location change
 - Unusual actions after sign-in
 - Unusual login behavior

<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/security/blog/2023/06/08/detecting-and-mitigating-a-multi-stage-aitm-phishing-and-bec-campaign/>



BAADTokenBroker



UnifiedSignInLogs

```
| where TimeGenerated > ago(90d)
| where AppDisplayName == "Microsoft Authentication Broker"
| where AppId == "29d9ed98-a469-4536-ade2-f981bc1d605e"
| summarize TokenAcquisitionCreatedDateTime =min(CreatedDateTime) by SessionId,
TokenAcquisitionIPAddress = IPAddress, UserId
| join (UnifiedSignInLogs
    | where AppDisplayName != "Microsoft Authentication Broker"
    | where AppId != "29d9ed98-a469-4536-ade2-f981bc1d605e"
    | summarize arg_min(CreatedDateTime, *) by SessionId, UserId, IPAddress
)
on UserId, SessionId
| where TokenAcquisitionIPAddress != IPAddress
| where DeviceDetail.operatingSystem startswith "Windows"
| where IncomingTokenType == "primaryRefreshToken"
| extend TimeBetweenTokenAcquisition = datetime_diff( 'second', CreatedDateTime,
TokenAcquisitionCreatedDateTime)
| where TimeBetweenTokenAcquisition > 0
```



Response

- Immediate response
 - Revoke sessions
 - Mark user compromised
 - Password Reset
- Find the origin origin of the attack
 - What token material was stolen?
 - Compomised endpoint?
 - AiTM attack?
- Establish the Token Theft Playbook
 - <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/security/operations/token-theft-playbook>



Additional ressources



- <https://github.com/secureworks/BAADTokenBroker>
- Microsoft Entra ID - Attack and Defense Playbook
<https://github.com/Cloud-Architekt/AzureAD-Attack-Defense>
- [Microsoft Entra Conditional Access token protection explained](#)
- <https://github.com/Cloud-Architekt/AzureSentinel/tree/main/Hunting%20Queries/EID-TokenHunting>
- [Learn about Universal Continuous Evaluation \(Preview\) - Global Secure Access](#)



We value your feedback



WP Ninjas Norway: Event Session Feedback
<https://forms.office.com/e/vZt63PirDv>

Track: Lindesnes - Session: Attack on Token



Thank You

